

Zara's Colour Theory Flashcards

Learning objective: To understand the colour wheel, primary, secondary, and complementary colours as part of Year 4 Art and Design.

Review these cards to help Zara the zebra sort her art supplies. Use them to test your knowledge of how colours are mixed and how they work together.

What are the three primary colours?

Red, yellow, and blue. These colours cannot be made by mixing other colours together.

How do you create a secondary colour?

By mixing two primary colours together (for example, red + yellow = orange).

What are the three secondary colours?

Green, orange, and purple.

Which colour is made by mixing blue and yellow?

Green.

Which colour is made by mixing red and blue?

Purple.

Which colour is made by mixing red and yellow?

Orange.

What does the term 'complementary colours' mean?

Colours that are opposite each other on the colour wheel, such as blue and orange.

Give an example of a warm colour.

Red, orange, or yellow.

Give an example of a cool colour.

Blue, green, or purple.

What is a 'tint' in painting?

A colour mixed with white to make it lighter.

What is a 'shade' in painting?

A colour mixed with black to make it darker.

What is the name of the tool that displays the relationship between colours?

The colour wheel.