

Ellie's Suffragette Timeline Challenge

Learning objective: To understand the chronology and significance of the Suffragette movement in the UK during the early 20th century.

Ellie the Elephant has found some important historical notes, but they have got muddled up! Sort the events below into the correct chronological order (1 to 6) to show how the campaign for women's right to vote progressed. Once you have numbered them, answer the questions to explain why these events mattered.

Word bank: Millicent Fawcett · Emmeline Pankhurst · Vote · Parliament · Representation · Campaign

1. 1. Women over the age of 30, who met property qualifications, are finally given the right to vote in 1918. (1 mark)

2. 2. Emmeline Pankhurst forms the Women's Social and Political Union (WSPU) in 1903 to take more direct action. (1 mark)

3. 3. The National Union of Women's Suffrage Societies (NUWSS) is formed in 1897, led by Millicent Fawcett, using peaceful methods. (1 mark)

4. 4. All women over the age of 21 are finally given the same voting rights as men in 1928. (1 mark)

5. 5. Suffragettes often faced imprisonment for their protests. Why do you think it was important for them to continue their campaign despite these challenges? (2 marks)

6. 6. Using the word bank, write a sentence explaining why the suffragettes wanted to change the rules at Parliament. (2 marks)

Draw: Draw a banner that a Suffragette might have carried during a peaceful march. Include a powerful slogan that uses bright colours to catch people's attention.



Extension challenge: Research a woman from history who fought for equality. Write a short diary entry from her perspective, describing how she felt on the day she finally saw women achieve the right to vote.