

Year 5 Religious Education: Places of Worship

Learning objective: To identify and understand the significance of various places of worship for different world religions.

Read the front of each flashcard to test your knowledge. Flip to check if your answer matches the description provided after the 'Answer:' label.

What is a Church?

A place of worship for Christians, often featuring a steeple or bell tower and an altar.

What is a Mosque?

A place of worship for Muslims, often featuring a dome and a minaret for the call to prayer.

What is a Synagogue?

A place of worship for Jewish people, where the Torah scrolls are kept in an ark.

What is a Mandir?

A place of worship for Hindus, often containing shrines dedicated to specific deities.

What is a Gurdwara?

A place of worship for Sikhs, which always houses the Guru Granth Sahib and contains a communal kitchen called a Langar.

What is a Vihara?

A Buddhist monastery or place of worship, often used for meditation and study.

What is a congregation?

A group of people who gather together for religious worship.

What is a sanctuary?

The most holy or sacred part of a place of worship.

Why do believers go to a place of worship?

To pray, celebrate festivals, learn from holy texts, and feel a sense of community with others.

What is the Bimah in a Synagogue?

A raised platform where the Torah is read during services.

What is a Minaret?

A tall, slender tower typically part of a mosque, from which a person calls the faithful to prayer.

How does Pip the bookworm caterpillar describe a place of worship?

A 'word-home' where people gather to share ancient stories and celebrate their faith together.