

Rosa's Colourful French Garden

Learning objective: To identify and use a range of colours in French, including understanding gender agreement (masculine/feminine).

Read each question carefully. Use the word bank to help you spell the French colour words correctly. Remember: some colours change slightly if the noun they describe is feminine!

Rosa the parrot is helping her friends paint their garden shed. She explains that in French, colours like 'jaune' and 'orange' stay the same, but others like 'vert' become 'verte' when describing a feminine noun (like 'une fleur' - a flower).

Word bank: rouge (red) · bleu / bleue (blue) · jaune (yellow) · vert / verte (green) · noir / noire (black) · blanc / blanche (white) · orange (orange) · rose (pink) · violet / violette (purple)

1. Rosa is painting a red apple. How would you write 'a red apple' in French? (Hint: 'une pomme' is feminine). (2 marks)

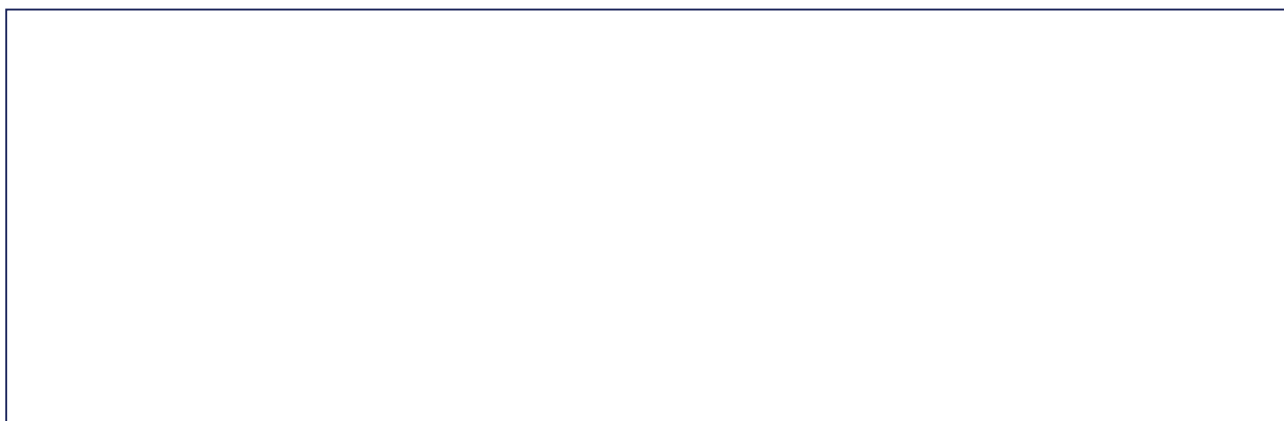
2. If Max the monkey has a blue pencil ('un crayon' - masculine), how do you write 'a blue pencil'? (2 marks)

3. Translate the following colours into French: Green, Yellow, and Purple. (3 marks)

4. Look at the word 'blanche'. Why does it have an 'e' at the end compared to the masculine form 'blanc'? (2 marks)

5. Write a short sentence in French describing the colour of the sky (le ciel) using the word 'bleu'. (2 marks)

Draw: Draw a garden scene featuring Rosa the parrot. Label at least four different items in the drawing with their colour in French (e.g., 'un arbre vert').



Extension challenge: Research the French word for 'multi-coloured'. Write a sentence explaining which object in your classroom you would paint multi-coloured and why.