

Finn's Fantastic Asia Expedition

Learning objective: To identify key geographical features, countries, and climates of the continent of Asia.

Join Finn the dolphin on his global journey! Read each question carefully and circle the best answer. Some questions require a short written response to show off your geographical knowledge.

Answer Key: 1.C, 2.True, 3.Himalayas, 4.A, 5.False, 6.Japan, 7.B, 8.True, 9.C, 10.B. Greater Depth: Asia is the largest continent. The climate varies from freezing in the north to tropical in the south. The Himalayas act as a massive barrier blocking cold winds.

Word bank: Himalayas · Equator · Continent · Archipelago · Monsoon · Tundra

1. Which of these is the largest continent on Earth? A) Africa B) Europe C) Asia* D) South America (1 mark)

2. True or False: Asia is home to the highest mountain peak in the world, Mount Everest. (1 mark)

3. What is the name of the massive mountain range that separates the Indian subcontinent from the rest of Asia? (1 mark)

4. Which ocean borders the eastern coast of Asia? A) Pacific* B) Atlantic C) Southern D) Arctic (1 mark)

5. True or False: All of Asia has a hot, tropical climate all year round. (1 mark)

6. Name a country in Asia that is an archipelago (a group of islands). (1 mark)

7. What is a 'monsoon' in the context of Asian geography? A) A type of desert B) A seasonal wind bringing heavy rain* C) A mountain range D) A frozen forest (1 mark)

8. True or False: Asia is located entirely in the Northern Hemisphere. (1 mark)

9. Which river is often considered the longest in Asia? A) The Thames B) The Nile C) The Yangtze* D) The Amazon (1 mark)

10. 10. Which of these countries is in Asia? A) Brazil B) Thailand* C) France D) Canada (1 mark)

Draw: Draw a map of Asia and label one major mountain range, one major ocean, and one famous river that you have researched.



Extension challenge: Greater Depth Challenge: 1. Explain why the climate in northern Asia (Siberia) is so different from the climate in southeast Asia. 2. Compare and contrast the geography of a landlocked country like Mongolia with an island nation like Japan. 3. Justify why the Himalayas are essential to the water supply of many Asian countries. 4. What might happen to coastal cities in Asia if sea levels continue to rise? 5. If you were planning a trip across Asia, which three countries would you visit and why? 6. Research the 'Ring of Fire'; explain its significance to the physical geography of eastern Asia.