

Max's Musical Notation Mastery

Learning objective: To understand and identify key musical symbols and notation terms suitable for Class 5 pupils.

Use these flashcards to test your knowledge of musical notation. Read the term or question on the front, then check the answer on the back. Max the monkey thinks these are the best puzzles to solve!

What is the name of the five horizontal lines on which music is written?

The Stave

Which symbol indicates that the music is played in a higher pitch, often used for instruments like the violin or flute?

Treble Clef

How many beats does a Crotchet note usually last?

One beat

Which note shape represents a sound lasting for two beats?

A Minim

What is the value of a Quaver note in standard 4/4 time?

Half a beat

What do we call the vertical lines that divide the stave into equal sections?

Bar lines

What does a Time Signature (like 4/4) tell a musician?

How many beats are in each bar

What does the '#' symbol (Sharp) do to a musical note?

It raises the pitch by one semitone

What does the 'b' symbol (Flat) do to a musical note?

It lowers the pitch by one semitone

What is the term for a period of silence in a piece of music?

A Rest

If a bar has a 3/4 time signature, how many crotchet beats should it contain?

Three beats

What do we call the space between two bar lines?

A Bar (or Measure)