

Rosa's Rainbow Adventure: Learning Spanish Colours

Learning objective: To be able to identify, write, and use Spanish colour adjectives to describe objects.

Help Rosa the parrot learn her colours! Use the word bank to answer the questions below. Remember that in Spanish, adjectives must match the noun in gender (masculine/feminine).

Word bank: rojo / roja (red) · azul (blue) · amarillo / amarilla (yellow) · verde (green) · naranja (orange) · morado / morada (purple) · blanco / blanca (white) · negro / negra (black)

1. Rosa is looking at a red apple. How would you write 'a red apple' in Spanish? (Hint: 'apple' is 'manzana', which is feminine). (2 marks)

2. If Max the monkey has a yellow banana ('banana' is feminine), how would you describe it using the correct Spanish adjective? (2 marks)

3. Translate these two colours into Spanish: 1) Blue, 2) Green. (2 marks)

4. Zara the zebra is painting a picture. She has a black pencil ('lápiz' is masculine). Write the phrase for 'a black pencil' in Spanish. (2 marks)

5. Look at the list below. Which colour is the odd one out because it does not change its ending for masculine or feminine nouns? Explain why. (2 marks)

Draw: Draw a picture of a garden scene containing at least four different coloured items. Label each item in Spanish (e.g., 'el sol amarillo').



Extension challenge: Write three sentences in Spanish describing your favourite clothes. For example: 'Mi camiseta es azul' (My t-shirt is blue).