

Rosa's Spanish Verbs Adventure

Learning objective: To identify and use common Spanish verbs in the present tense, distinguishing between infinitive endings (-ar, -er, -ir).

Join Rosa the bilingual parrot on a linguistic flight! Read each question carefully and circle the correct answer. Remember: in Spanish, the end of the verb changes depending on who is doing the action.

Answer Key: 1.C, 2.True, 3.B, 4.False, 5.hablo, 6.A, 7.True, 8.C, 9.False, 10.comer. Explanation: Spanish verbs end in -ar, -er, or -ir. To say 'I speak', we remove -ar and add -o to get 'hablo'.

Word bank: hablar (to speak) · comer (to eat) · vivir (to live) · yo (I) · tú (you) · nosotros (we)

1. 1. Which of these is an example of an '-ar' verb? A) Comer B) Vivir C) Hablar* D) Beber (1 mark)

2. 2. True or False: In Spanish, the verb ending changes to show who is performing the action. (1 mark)

3. 3. To say 'I eat' (using the verb 'comer'), what is the correct ending? A) -as B) -o* C) -es D) -imos (1 mark)

4. 4. True or False: The Spanish word for 'to live' is 'hablar'. (1 mark)

5. 5. If 'hablar' means to speak, what is the Spanish word for 'I speak'? (1 mark)

6. 6. Which pronoun matches the 'yo' form of a verb? A) I* B) You C) We D) They (1 mark)

7. 7. True or False: 'Vivir' is an example of an '-ir' verb. (1 mark)

8. 8. Choose the correct verb form for 'Tú' (you): A) Hablo B) Hablamos C) Hablas* D) Hablan (1 mark)

9. 9. True or False: All Spanish verbs end in -ing. (1 mark)

10. 10. If Rosa is hungry, which verb would she use to say 'to eat'? (1 mark)

Draw: Draw a picture of Rosa the parrot sitting on a branch holding a sign that says '¡Hola!' and include three speech bubbles showing three different actions you can do.



Extension challenge: Write three sentences in Spanish using the 'yo' (I) form of the verbs: hablar, comer, and vivir. For example: 'Yo como una manzana' (I eat an apple).