

Rosa's Weather Adventure: Un Viaje del Tiempo

Learning objective: To identify and use common Spanish weather vocabulary to describe meteorological conditions in a creative scene.

Follow the drawing prompt to create your weather scene. Use the word bank to label your illustrations accurately in Spanish. Remember to include Rosa the parrot in your drawing!

Draw: Create a vibrant, multi-section landscape on your page. Divide your paper into four distinct quadrants. In each quadrant, illustrate a different weather type. Include Rosa the parrot somewhere in the scene, perhaps wearing a tiny raincoat in the rainy section or a sun hat in the sunny section. Use bright colors and clear, bold lines. Ensure there is enough space around your illustrations to write the Spanish labels clearly.



Label words: Hace sol (It is sunny) · Hace viento (It is windy) · Está nublado (It is cloudy) · Llueve (It is raining) · Hace frío (It is cold) · Hace calor (It is hot)

Steps:

1. Label three different weather conditions in your drawing using the Spanish phrases from the word bank.
2. Rosa is flying through the scene. Describe in one Spanish sentence what the weather is like where she is currently hovering.
3. Explain why it is important to include visual clues (like an umbrella or a sun) when learning a new

language. How do these help your memory?

4. Compare and contrast 'Hace sol' and 'Hace calor'. Can it be one without the other? Justify your answer.

5. What might happen to your drawing if you decided to change the season from Summer to Winter? Which Spanish phrases would you remove and which would you add?

6. Create a weather forecast for Rosa. If she is flying to a cold country, what should she pack? Write your answer in English.