

# Poetry Power with Pip

*Learning objective: To identify and understand key poetic devices and terminology required for Year 6 English.*

Use these flashcards to test your knowledge of poetry. Read the term or question on the front, then flip to check if your definition matches the answer provided by Pip the bookworm!

## Metaphor

A figure of speech where a word or phrase is applied to an object or action to which it is not literally applicable, suggesting one thing IS another (e.g., 'The snow is a white blanket').

## Simile

A comparison of two unlike things using the words 'like' or 'as' (e.g., 'As brave as a lion').

## Alliteration

The repetition of the same letter or sound at the beginning of adjacent or closely connected words.

## Personification

Giving human qualities, emotions, or actions to inanimate objects, animals, or abstract ideas.

## Onomatopoeia

Words that imitate the natural sounds of a thing, such as 'buzz', 'hiss', or 'crash'.

## Stanza

A group of lines forming the basic recurring metrical unit in a poem; often called a 'verse'.

## Rhyme Scheme

The ordered pattern of rhymes at the ends of the lines of a poem or verse (e.g., AABB or ABAB).

## Imagery

Visually descriptive or figurative language that appeals to the reader's senses (sight, sound, smell, taste, touch).

## Rhythm

The pattern of stressed and unstressed syllables in a line of poetry, creating a musical beat.

## Tone

The mood or 'feeling' created by the poet's choice of words and the way they address the subject.

## What is a Haiku?

A traditional form of Japanese poetry consisting of three phrases with a 5, 7, 5 syllable structure.

## What is Free Verse?

Poetry that does not rhyme or have a regular meter.