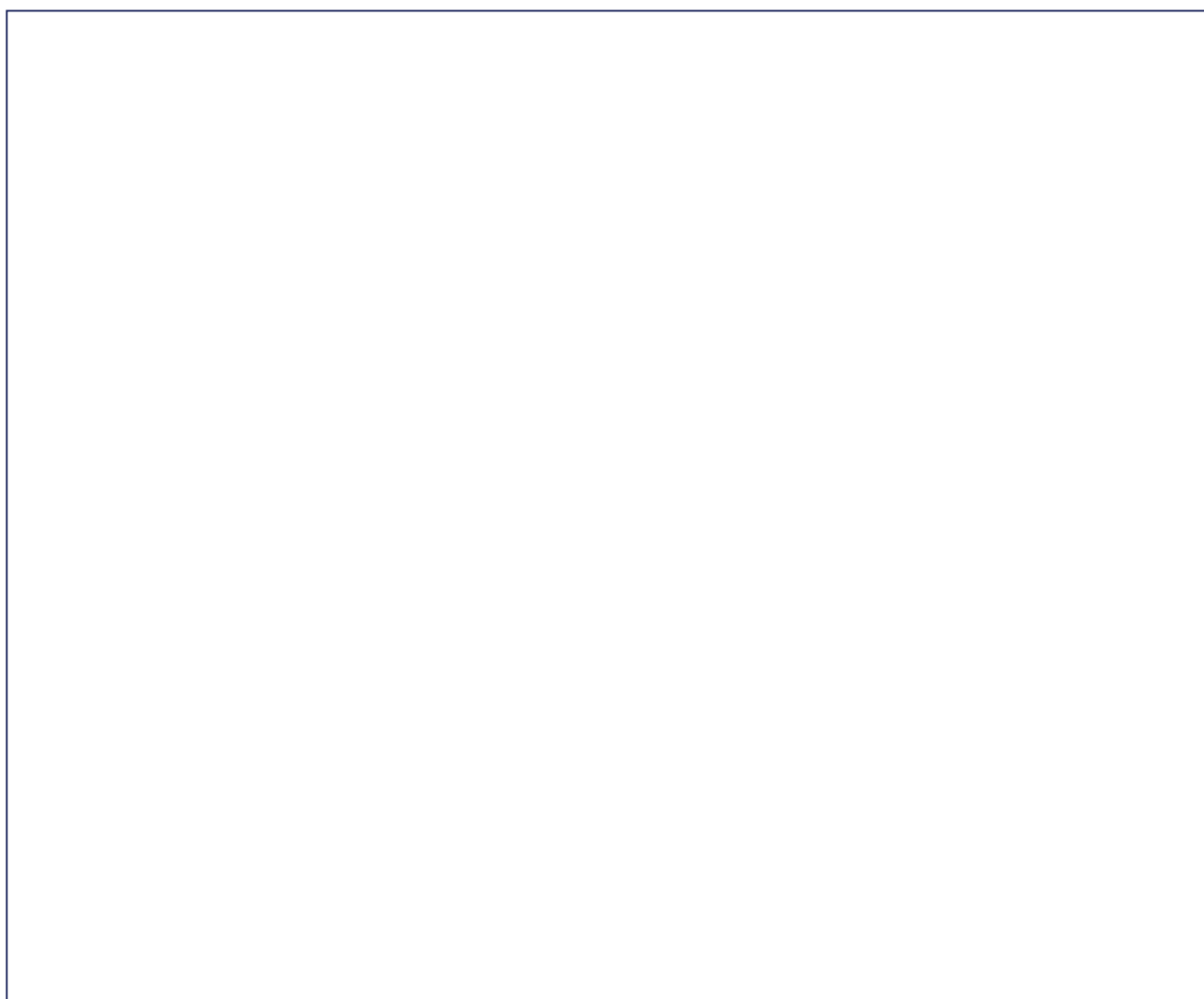


Rosa's Seasonal Calendar Masterpiece

Learning objective: To identify, spell, and associate the twelve months of the year with seasonal imagery in French.

Rosa the parrot has invited you to create a visual calendar. Use the word bank to label your illustrations for each month. Ensure your spelling is accurate and your drawings reflect the seasonal changes of the British climate.

Draw: Create a 12-panel grid on an A4 sheet. In each panel, draw a scene that captures the essence of a specific month. Use a vibrant, artistic style. For example: a snowman for 'janvier', budding flowers for 'avril', a bright sun for 'juillet', and falling orange leaves for 'octobre'. Use clear, neat handwriting to label each panel with the French term provided in the word bank.



Label words: janvier · février · mars · avril · mai · juin · juillet · août · septembre · octobre · novembre · décembre

Steps:

1. Step 1: Divide your page into twelve equal sections. In each section, draw a symbol representing the weather or a holiday for that month. Label each section with the correct French month from the word bank.
2. Explain why the French months of the year are not capitalised unless they appear at the start of a

sentence. How does this compare to English grammar rules?

3. Justify your choice of imagery for 'juillet' and 'décembre'. What specific visual clues did you include to represent the seasons?

4. Compare and contrast the seasons in the UK with those in the Southern Hemisphere. If you were drawing this calendar for someone in Australia, what might happen to the imagery you chose for 'juin' and 'décembre'?

5. Label the four seasons in French (le printemps, l'été, l'automne, l'hiver) on the back of your sheet to show which months belong to which season.

6. Creative Extension: Write a short sentence in French describing your favourite month. Example: 'J'aime le mois de mai parce qu'il y a des fleurs.'