

Rosa's French Verb Voyage: A Year 5 Challenge

Learning objective: To identify and apply present tense verb forms in French, focusing on regular -er verbs and common irregular verbs.

Join Rosa the parrot as we fly through French grammar! Read each question carefully. Use your knowledge of subject pronouns and verb endings to help Rosa choose the correct forms.

Answer Key: 1.C, 2.B, 3.A, 4.True, 5.False, 6.mangeons, 7.sont, 8.as, 9.parlent, 10.habite.

Word bank: manger · parler · habiter · être · avoir · je · tu · il/elle · nous · vous · ils/elles

1. 1. Which ending is added to the stem of a regular -er verb when the subject is 'je'? A) -ons, B) -ez, C) -e*, D) -ent (1 mark)

2. 2. Choose the correct conjugation for 'nous' using the verb 'parler': A) nous parlez, B) nous parlons*, C) nous parlent, D) nous parle (1 mark)

3. 3. Which of these is the correct form of the verb 'être' (to be) for 'ils/elles'? A) sont*, B) sommes, C) êtes, D) suis (1 mark)

4. 4. True or False: In French, the verb 'avoir' (to have) is irregular. Answer: (1 mark)

5. 5. True or False: The verb ending for 'vous' is always -ent. Answer: (1 mark)

6. 6. Fill in the blank: Nous _____ (manger) une pomme. (1 mark)

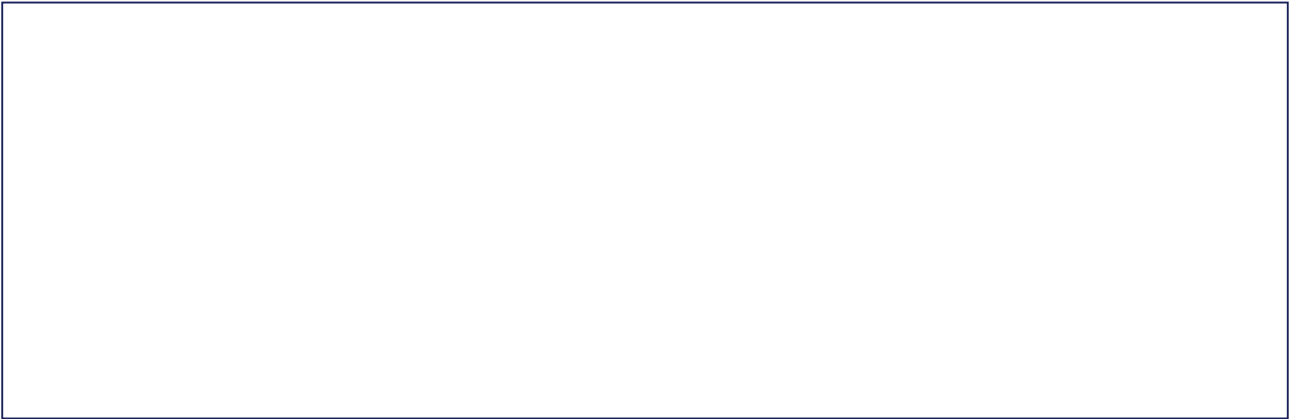
7. 7. Fill in the blank: Ils _____ (être) très gentils. (1 mark)

8. 8. Fill in the blank: Tu _____ (avoir) un vélo. (1 mark)

9. 9. Fill in the blank: Elles _____ (parler) français. (1 mark)

10. 10. Fill in the blank: Il _____ (habiter) à Paris. (1 mark)

Draw: Draw Rosa the parrot wearing a beret, surrounded by speech bubbles containing French verbs like 'manger', 'jouer', and 'chanter'.



Extension challenge: 1. Explain why French verbs change their endings based on the subject pronoun. 2. Compare and contrast the conjugation patterns of regular -er verbs with the irregular verb 'être'. 3. Justify why it is important to memorise irregular verbs instead of applying regular rules. 4. What might happen if you used the wrong verb ending in a conversation? 5. Create three original sentences in French using the verbs 'manger', 'habiter', and 'avoir'. 6. Imagine you are teaching a friend how to conjugate 'parler'; write a short, step-by-step guide for them.