

Nova's Guide to the Marvellous World of Light

Step into the Light: Explore how shadows dance and colours shine!

- Light travels in straight lines; when an opaque object blocks this path, it creates a shadow where the light cannot reach.
- We see objects because light rays reflect off them and travel into our eyes, allowing our brains to interpret the shapes and colours.
- A light source, such as the Sun or a torch, emits its own light, whereas non-luminous objects only become visible when illuminated by another source.
- Transparent materials allow light to pass through them completely, translucent materials let some light through, and opaque materials block light entirely.
- Refraction occurs when light bends as it passes from one medium to another, such as from air into water, which can make objects appear distorted.
- White light is actually a mixture of all the colours of the visible spectrum, which can be separated using a glass prism to create a rainbow effect.

Did you know? Did you know? Light travels in perfectly straight lines at an incredible speed of approximately 300,000 kilometres per second! Because it travels so fast, it seems like a light switch turns on instantly, but it is actually racing across the room to reach your eyes.

Key vocabulary: Reflection · Refraction · Light source · Opaque · Transparent · Translucent · Spectrum