

Rosa's Spanish Calendar: Los Días de la Semana

Join Rosa the Parrot on a linguistic adventure and master the rhythm of the week in Spanish!

- The Spanish week traditionally begins on 'lunes'. Can you identify which day this represents in the English calendar?
- Observe the accent mark on 'miércoles'. In Spanish, this indicates where the stress falls when pronouncing the word aloud.
- Notice that 'sábado' and 'domingo' both carry accent marks; these days represent the weekend, or 'el fin de semana'.
- When asking for the day, we use the phrase '¿Qué día es hoy?'. The answer always follows the pattern 'Hoy es...' followed by the day.
- Remember the golden rule: Spanish days of the week remain in lowercase letters when written in the middle of a sentence.

Did you know? Did you know? In Spanish, the days of the week are named after celestial bodies and Roman gods, similar to English! For example, 'lunes' comes from the moon (luna), and 'martes' is named after the planet Mars. Unlike English, Spanish days are never written with a capital letter unless they appear at the very start of a sentence.

Key vocabulary: lunes (Monday) · martes (Tuesday) · miércoles (Wednesday) · jueves (Thursday) · viernes (Friday) · sábado (Saturday) · domingo (Sunday) · ¿Qué día es hoy? (What day is it today?) · Hoy es... (Today is...)